

Fiscal Note 2011 Biennium

Bill # HB0511		Title: Revise n	ursery and produce license	e laws		
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Primary Sponsor: Mendenhall, Scott		Status: As Intro	duced			
☐ Significant Local Gov Impact	✓ Needs to be included.	ed in HB 2	Technical Concerns			
☐ Included in the Executive Budget	☐ Significant Long-Te	erm Impacts	Dedicated Revenue For	m Attached		
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FISCAL SUMMARY						
	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013		
	<u>Difference</u>	<u>Difference</u>	<u>Difference</u>	<u>Difference</u>		
Expenditures:						
State Special Revenue	(\$10,876)	(\$10,876)	(\$10,876)	(\$10,876)		
Revenue:						
State Special Revenue	(\$12,150)	(\$12,150)	(\$12,150)	(\$12,150)		
Net Impact-General Fund Balance:	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		

Description of fiscal impact:

HB 511 exempts vendors from a produce license when the farmer's market has a produce license and the produce was grown by the produce dealer in this state. This bill also exempts those who sell nursery stock at a farmer's market from getting a nursery license provided that the farmer's market has a nursery license.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

Assumptions:

Department of Agriculture:

- 1. Based on department knowledge and an internet search, there are approximately 60 Farmer's Markets in the state.
- 2. The net impact to the department is a negative \$1,274 (produce decreased revenue of \$750 per year; and nursery decreased revenue of \$11,400 with a reduction in expenditures of \$10,876 for a net impact of \$1,274).

Produce Program

- 3. This bill would exempt all produce vendors who sell their own produce, grown in Montana, at an organized Farmer's Market from obtaining a produce license as long as the Farmer's Market obtains a license. It is estimated that the average number of vendors at an organized Farmer's Market is 30 (60 x 30 = 1,800 total vendors).
- 4. Forty percent of vendors sell produce for a total of 720 vendors $(1,800 \times 40\% = 720)$.

- 5. Montana vendors with gross retail sales under \$15,000 annually are currently exempt from obtaining a produce license.
- 6. Producers with gross retail sales over \$15,000 would become exempt from licensure if they sold Montana produce at licensed Farmer's Markets.
- 7. Approximately 25% of Farmer's Markets or 15 ($60 \times 25\% = 15$) include produce vendors with gross retail sales over \$15,000. These 15 Farmer's Markets would likely obtain licenses to exempt their produce vendors. This would result in an increase in program revenue of \$750 (15×50 license fee = \$750).
- 8. Approximately 30 in-state produce vendors gross more than \$15,000 and are required to license under the current statute. This bill would exempt those produce vendors from the licensing requirement and reduce program revenue by $$1,500 (30 \times 50 \text{ license fee} = $1,500)$.
- 9. The net fiscal impact of this bill to the produce program would be a negative \$750 (\$1,500 \$750 = \$750) per year.

Nursery Program

- 10. This bill would exempt those who sell nursery stock at a Farmer's Market from getting a nursery license provided that the farmer's market has a nursery license.
- 11. Plants are regularly sold at Farmer's Markets. Three vendors at each Farmer's Market for a total of 180 vendors (3 x 60 = 180) would qualify for the nursery license exemption.
- 12. The nursery program would lose approximately \$17,100 (180 x \$95 license fee = \$17,100) due to Farmer's Markets exemptions.
- 13. The department would continue to use the licensing services of the Department of Revenue (DOR) One-Stop services. The DOR currently charges \$4.37/license. The net loss in licenses would be 120 (180 vendors 60 farmer's markets = 120). Program expenditures would be reduced by \$524.40 (120 licenses x \$4.37/license = \$524.40).
- 14. The net fiscal impact to the nursery program would be a negative \$10,875.60 (\$5,700 farmer's markets license fees \$17,100 exempt licenses + \$524.40 reduced expenditure for processing licenses by DOR = \$10,875.60 in lost revenue) each year.
- 15. Spending authority will be reduced by \$10,875.60 (\$4,036.97 in personal services, \$6,314.23 in inspections, and \$524.40 for DOR, One-Stop services = \$10,875.60).
- 16. This bill is effective upon passage and approval. The department is unable to estimate the actual revenue lost in FY 2009.

	FY 2010 Difference	FY 2011 Difference	FY 2012 Difference	FY 2013 Difference			
Fiscal Impact:							
Expenditures:							
Personal Services	(\$4,037)	(\$4,037)	(\$4,037)	(\$4,037)			
Operating Expenses	(\$6,839)	(\$6,839)	(\$6,839)	(\$6,839)			
TOTAL Expenditures	(\$10,876)	(\$10,876)	(\$10,876)	(\$10,876)			
Funding of Expenditures:							
State Special Revenue (02)	(\$10,876)	(\$10,876)	(\$10,876)	(\$10,876)			
Revenues:							
State Special Revenue (02)	(\$12,150)	(\$12,150)	(\$12,150)	(\$12,150)			
Net Impact to Fund Balance (Revenue minus Funding of Expenditures):							
State Special Revenue (02)	(\$1,274)	(\$1,274)	(\$1,274)	(\$1,274)			

Technical Notes:

- 1. It should be noted that vendors are exempt from a produce license when the Farmer's Market has a produce license and the produce was grown by the produce dealer in this state. Language relating to grown and sold locally (in Montana) is not included in the nursery section. Similar language should be included in the nursery section of the proposed bill.
- 2. Exempting nurseries from licensure reduces the department's ability to readily identify nurseries that would need to be contacted in order to determine a potential source of a pest, conduct trace forward and trace backs, and communicate risks. Adding a record keeping requirement would resolve this concern.

Sponsor's Initials	Date	Budget Director's Initials	Date